

# Bundled Depth-Map Merging for Multi-View Stereo

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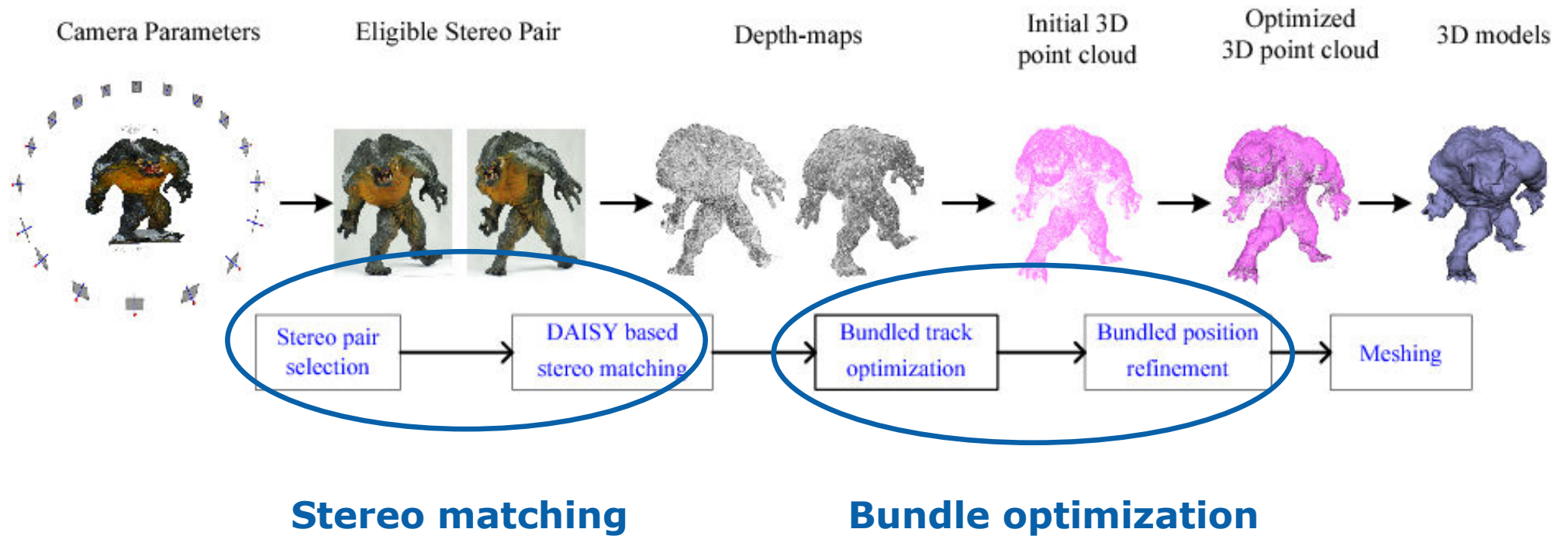
# Outline

- Motivations
- Technique details
- Results
- Conclusions

# Motivation

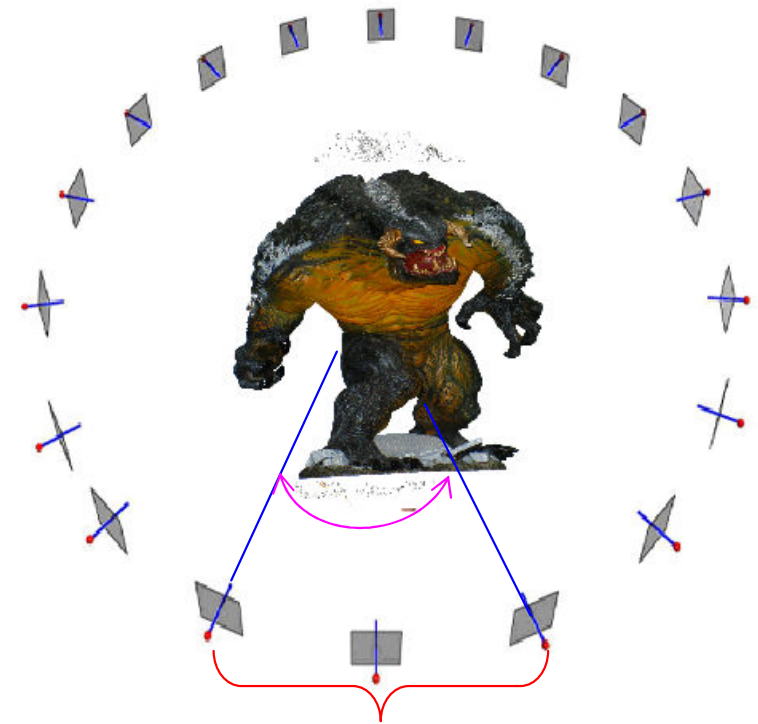
- MVS is crowded, but
  - Fast and accurate algorithm is still meaningful.
  - Application gamut not well studied
- Algorithms into several tech-categories
  - depth-map merging is typical and extensible; but
    - Requires sub-pixel stereo matching precision for accuracy
    - Challenges on merging inaccurate depth maps
- This paper proposes a bundle optimization based depth-map merging framework

# Framework



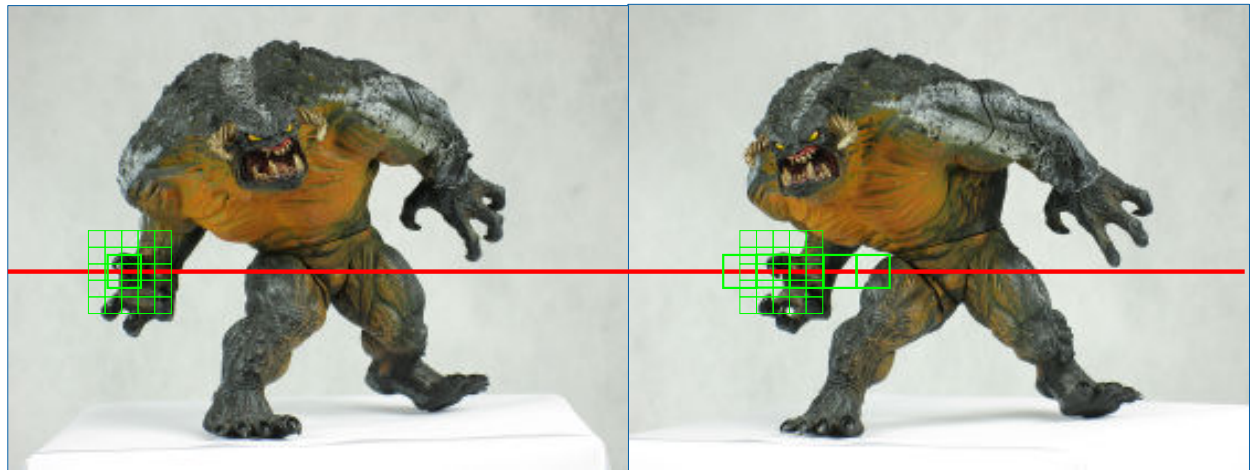
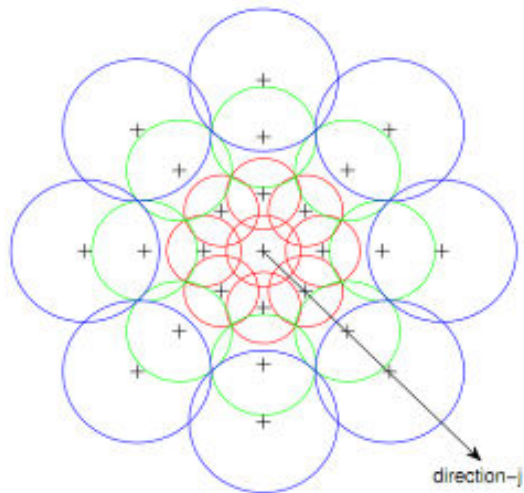
# Stereo pair selection

- Not all image/stereo pairs are useful
  - Due to shear effect etc
- Based on three rules
  - Angle between view directions
    - In the range of 5~45
  - Distance between optical center
    - Remove too large or too small
  - Each view at most two pairs



# Stereo matching

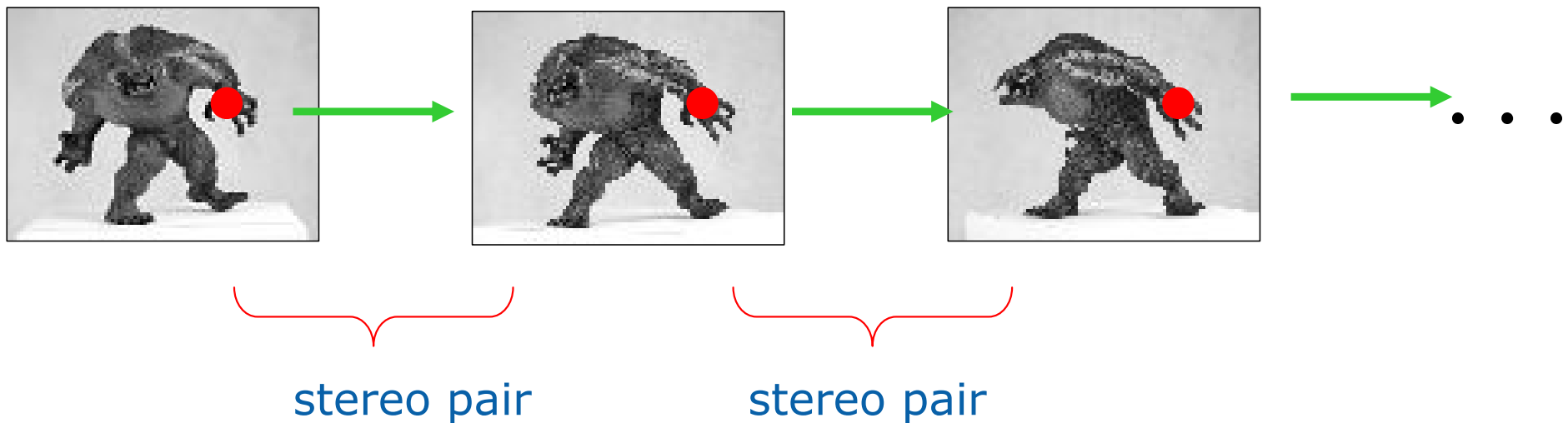
- Rectify stereo pairs
- For each pixel in a scan line of left image
  - Find correspondence in right image
  - Based on DAISY features
  - Using kd-tree to accelerate the search
  - Each pixel return top-K (=10) results
  - Scan-line optimization to keep intra-line order consistence
- Keep reliable matches



# Track building and optimization

## Track building

- Tracks: connected matching pixels from  $\geq 3$  views
- Depth-first search to find the tracks among stereo-pairs



# Bundled track optimization (1)

- Track optimization

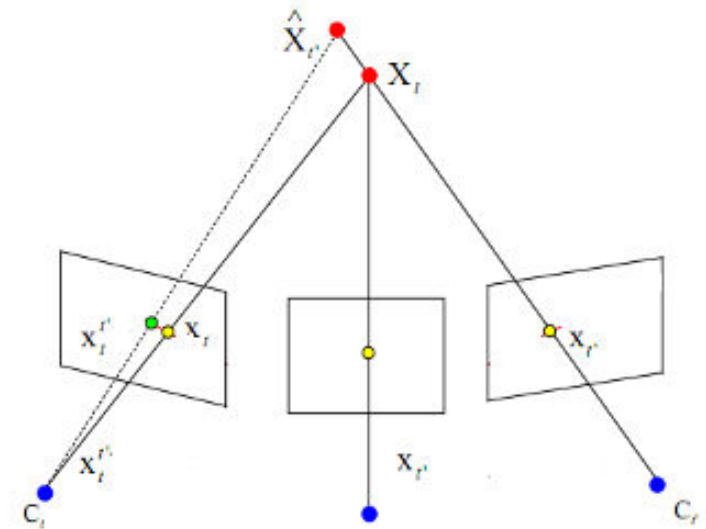
- A track => the same 3D point
- Find: 3D points  $X$  such that

$$\min \sum_{x_i^k \in t_k} w(x_i^k) \|x_i^k - P_i^k \hat{X}^k\|,$$

- $w(x)$  is weight function,

$$w(x_i^k) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \|x_i^k - P_i^k \hat{X}^k\| < \gamma, \\ 10 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- Keep eligible tracks
  - reprojection error less than  $\gamma$
  - $\beta \geq 3$  views





# Bundled optimization (2)

- Refine the point position and estimate point normals with bounded optimization by photo-consistency (using L-BFGS-B)

$$E_k = \sum_{i,j \in t_k} \|DF_i(x) - DF_j(H_{ij}(x; \mathbf{n}, d))\|,$$

$$\min E_k,$$

$$\text{s.t. (1) } |\hat{x}_i - x_i| < \gamma,$$

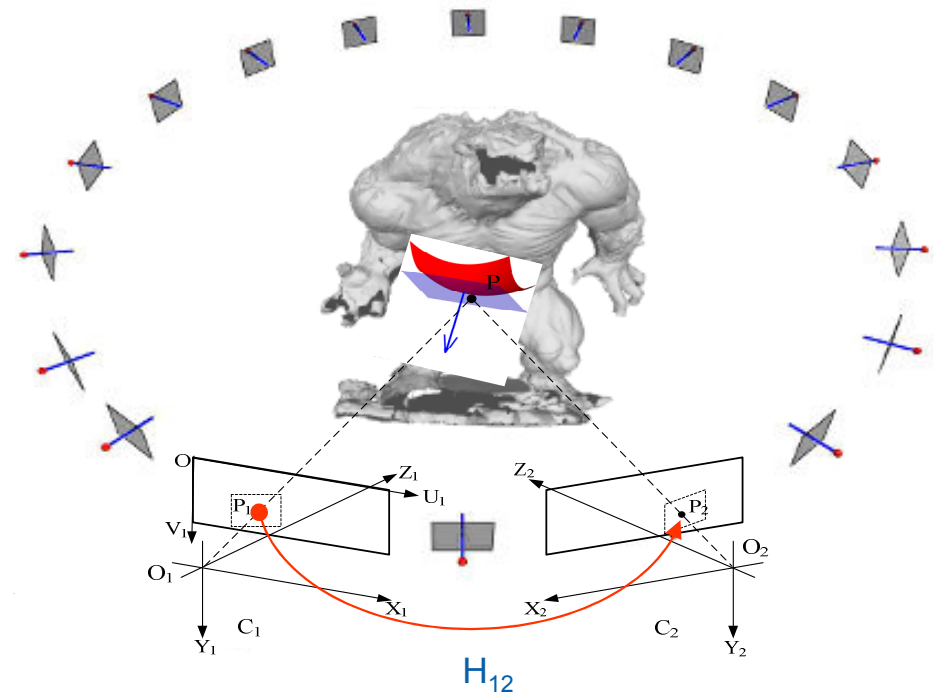
$$(2) \mathbf{n}_{ij} * \frac{X_{cam}^i O_i}{\|X_{cam}^i O_i\|} > 0.5,$$

- Normal initialization

- Initial normal with plane fitting or
- Grid search from point view direction

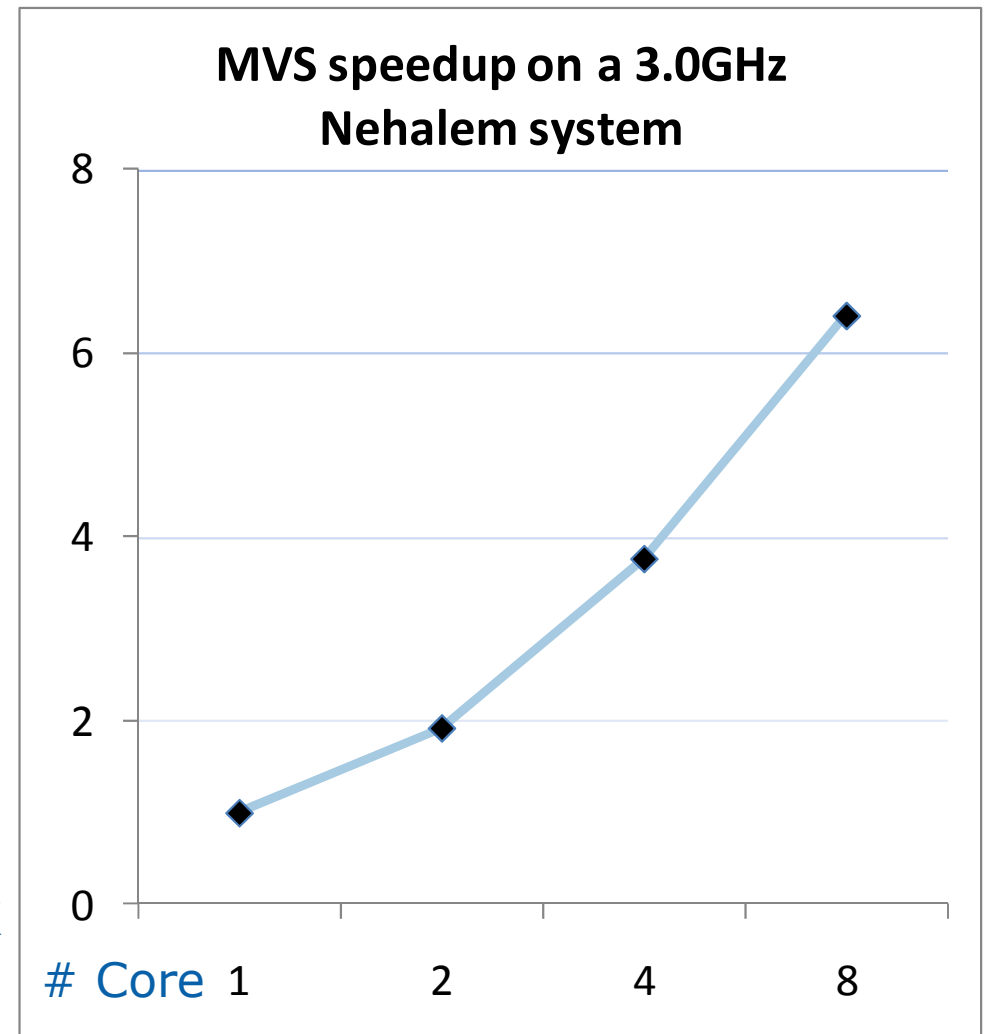
- Benefits from bounded optimization

- Less function evaluation
- Fast convergence

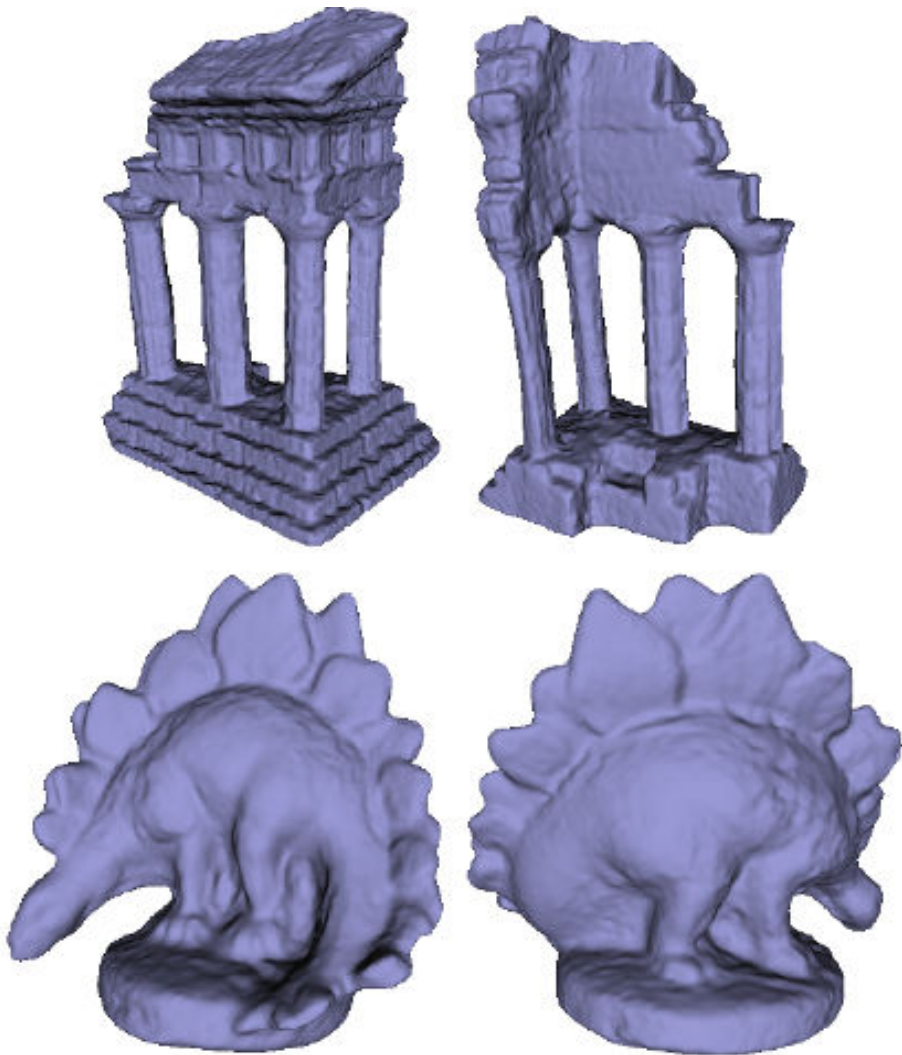


# Implementation

- CPU: multi-core, core i7
- Code: all in C/C++
- Fine-grained code optimization
  - SIMD for hotspots
    - Kdtree, DAISY, etc
  - Data-level parallelization
    - Scanline in stereo match
    - Tracks in track-opt
    - 3D Points in refinement
- A typical 32, 2Mpix dataset, took less than 3min



# Results on Middlebury



- Performances:
  - Very high accuracy:
    - dinoRing result ranked within top 5
    - Comparable results on templeRing
  - One of the most efficient methods among non-GPU methods

Dataset	Accuracy	Completeness	Time (s)
dinoRing	0.43mm	99.7%	354
templeRing	0.64mm	98.2%	213

## Note:

- During writing, use a 8-core core2duo.
- Better performance with Core i7.

# Results on Real Datasets

Monster  
34, 2Mpix  
~25cm high  
Complex surface



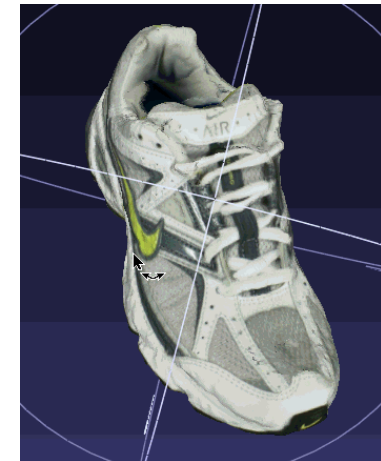
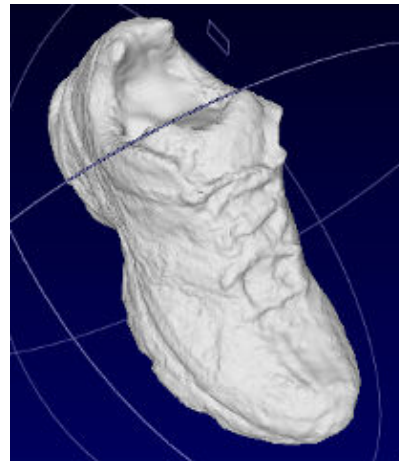
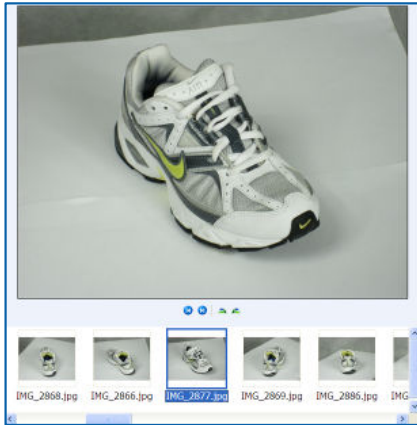
Example images and reconstruction results of the *Monster* dataset.

SculptFace  
14, 6Mpix  
~1m high  
Highlight/metal  
surface



Example images and reconstruction results of the *SculptFace* dataset.

# More Results



**NikeShoe: 26, 4M pixel photos  
Gum, Leather & Cloth, 23cm**



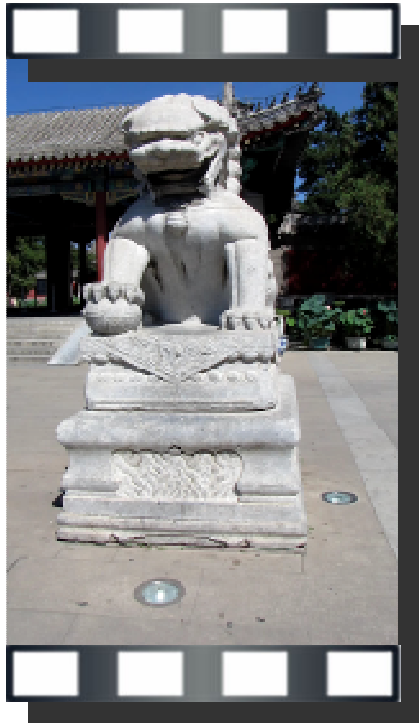
**Lion: 17, 6M pixel  
Iron, ~1.2m high  
Large highlight area**

**Reconstructed surface**

**Textured model**



# Results from video input



**Input: ~1min HD video  
around a marble lion  
(Height/Width: ~2m/1m)**



**Reconstructed surface**



**Textured model**

# Conclusions

- Contributions
  - A bundle optimization framework for fast and accurate depth-map merging
  - Study MVS on complex/non-Lambertian/highlight surface
  - Introduce DAISY for MVS (both stereo matching and photo consistency optimization)
  - Parallel processing friendly and scalable well

Dataset available at <http://sites.google.com/site/leepplus/bmvs/>



Thank you!

