



intelligent cargo

The next revolution in logistics

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Past logistical revolutions

- › ERP / DRP
- › EDI
- › On board computers
- › Supply Management systems
- › GPS / Mobile communication



Past logistical revolutions

- › ERP / DRP
For shippers rather than for carriers
- › EDI
Engineered individually
- › On board computers
Often isolated application
- › Supply Management systems
Only when control is centralised
- › GPS / Mobile communication
Non structured data



Present technological developments

- › RFID, Internet of Things
- › Webservices (integration technology)
- › Model Driven Development
(of information systems)
- › Mobile computing
- › Product centric information systems

Information systems can communicate on a technical level

Semantical protocols are still hand-crafted

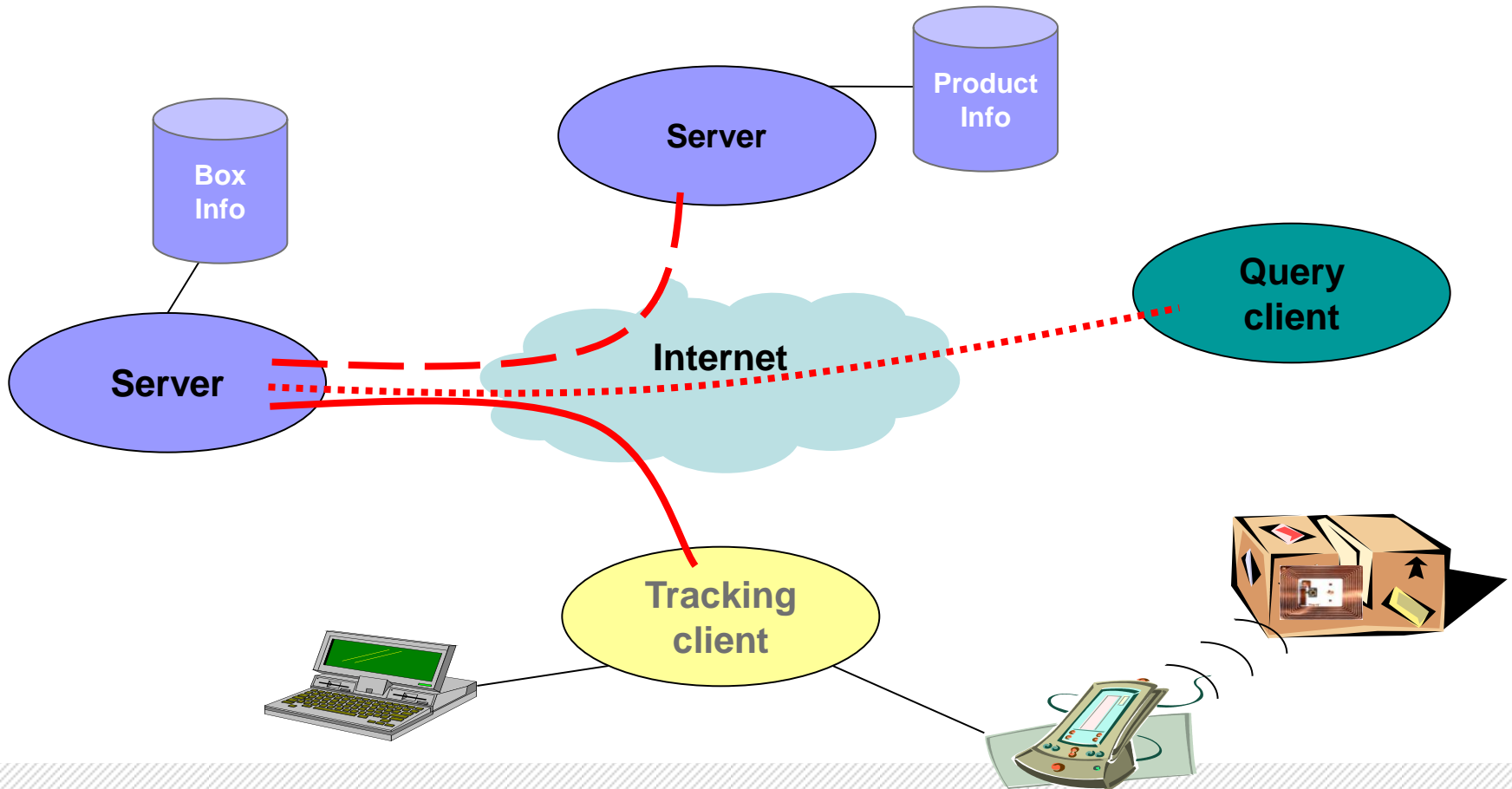


Challenges

- › Open infrastructure for Tracking and Tracing (technical *and* semantical)
- › Protocol for semantical handshaking
- › Translating business requirements into semantic level communication systems



Open Tracking and Tracing



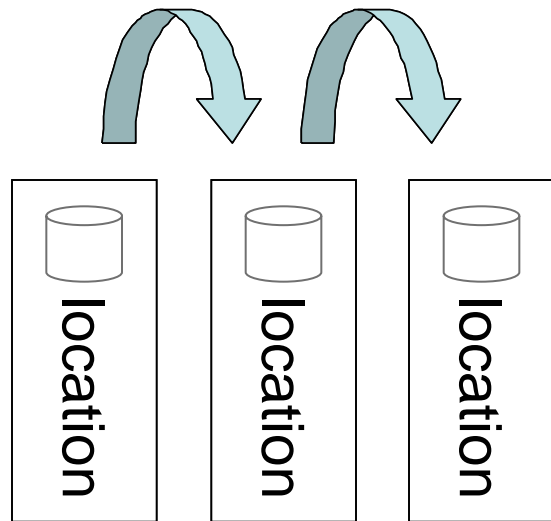


Open Tracking and Tracing

- › Each individual unit (product, pallet, container, truck) has a **record** in some **database**
- › The ID number of the unit identifies both the **database** and the **record**
- › *Any* checkpoint can scan *any* unit and upload information to the record of this unit
- › Any authorised person or system may query information on any unit

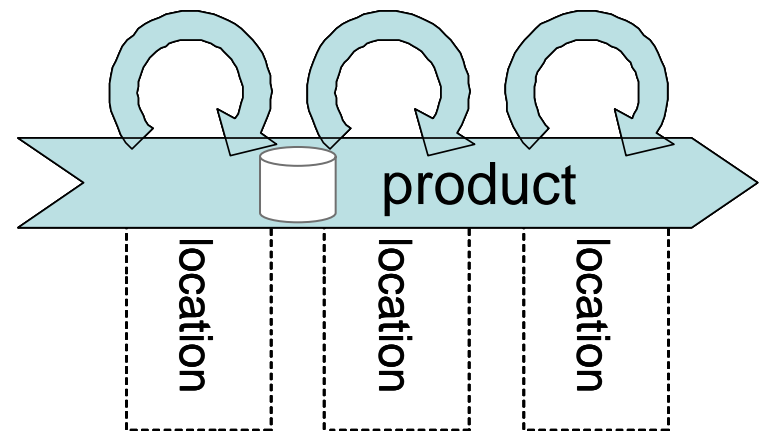


From location-centric to product-centric systems



Location-centric:

Recording of **transactions**
on quantities
of **Stock Keeping Units**



Product-centric:

Recording of **events**
that happen to
individual products
or units of transport



Product flow-centric vs. Enterprise-centric systems

- › Current ERP systems have great difficulties to store and use information on individual product or transport unit level
- › Difficulties increase when products and units of transport are somehow related to each other
- › Relations between units may be very dynamic, especially in logistics (packing/unpacking pallets, loading/unloading trucks etc.)
- › A product flow-centric approach offers an easy and extensible solution for tracking and tracing of units of transport



Events include:

- › Manufacturing
- › Assembling and Disassembling
- › Picking and Packing
- › Loading and Unloading
- › Departing and Arriving
- › Buying and Selling
- › Scrapping and Disposing

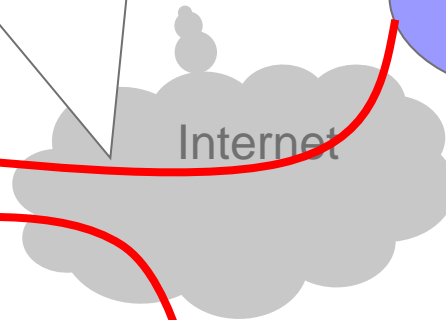
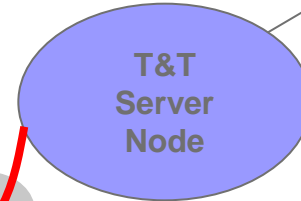
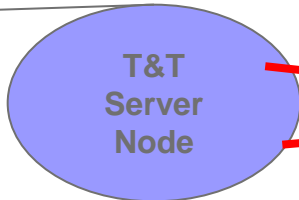
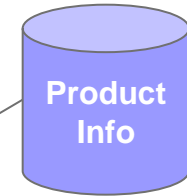
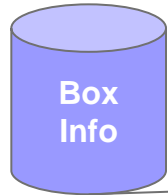
Queries include:

- › Where is item 123 ?
- › Who is the owner ?
- › What are the contents of container 456 ?
- › When will item 123 be available?
- › What are its components ?
- › How was item 123 recycled ?

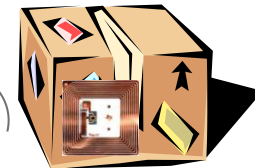


Upload

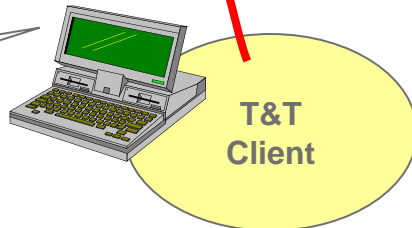
Propagation of data from the database with information on the box to the database with information on the product



Product P
inside Box B



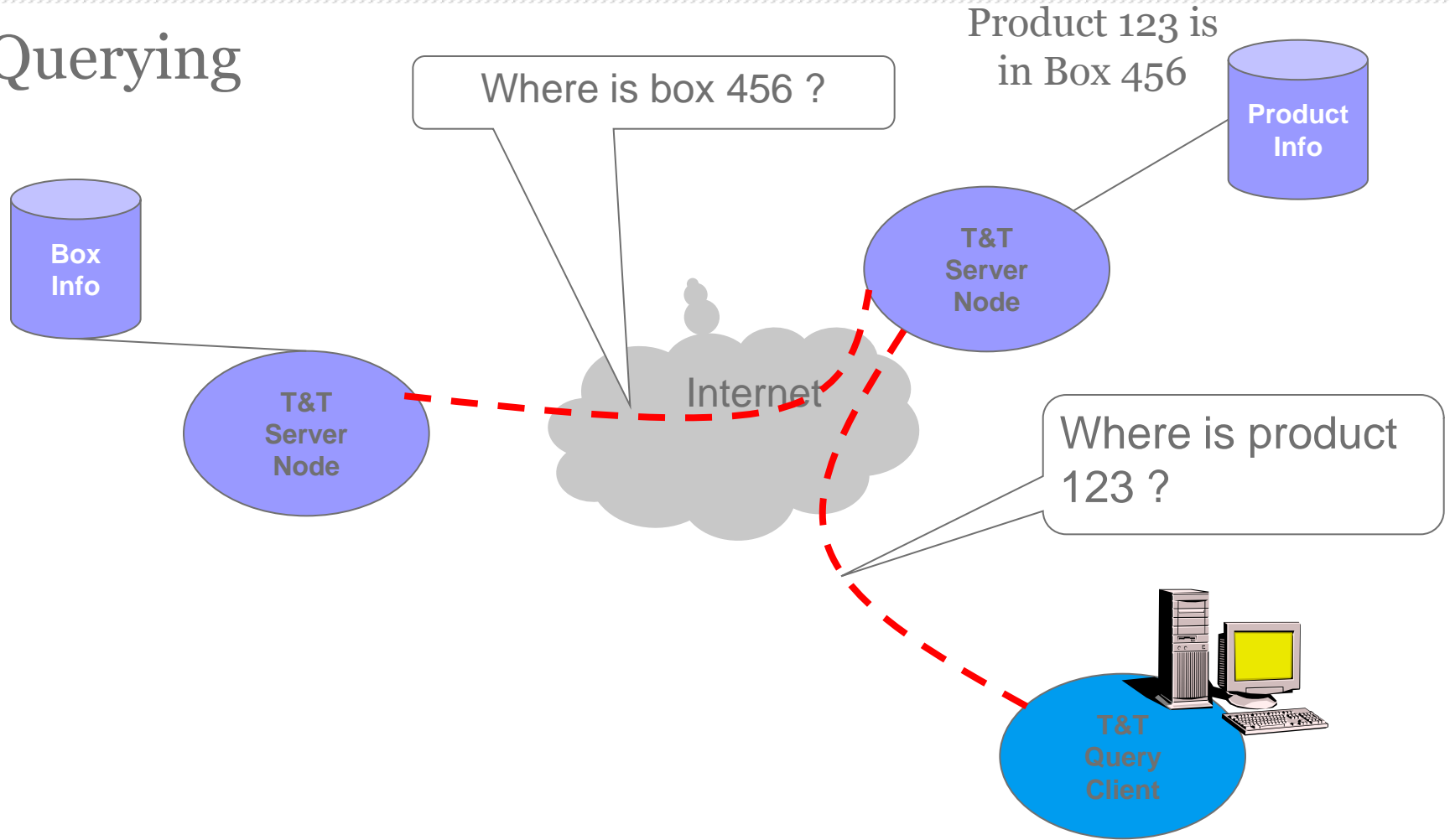
Add type of event, time, location, temperature, etc.



RFID, barcode or manual observation



Querying



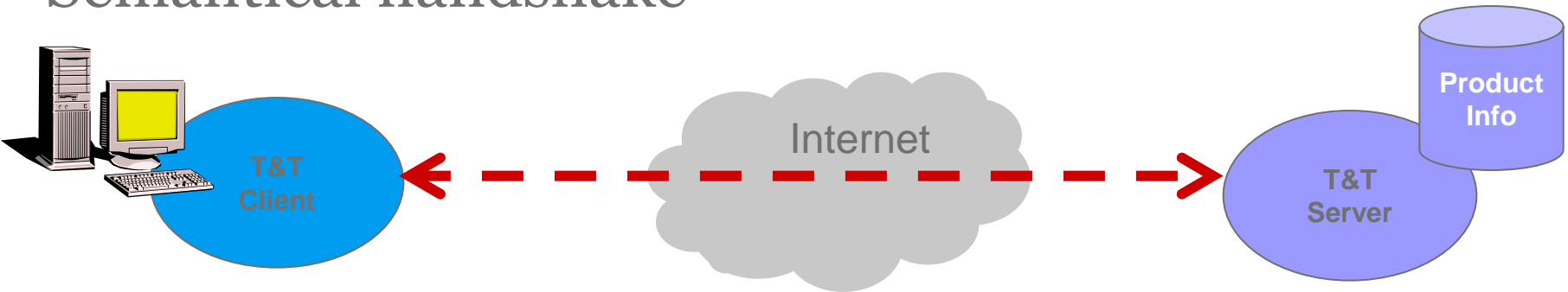


Challenge: Manage Semantics

- › At design time it cannot be foreseen:
 - What information must be held for what product or unit of transport
(location, time, temperature, colour, ...)
 - How products and units of transport may be related
(assembly, packaging, ownership, location, ...)
- › A semantical handshake protocol is needed between clients and servers



Semantical handshake



Unit 123 has a Temperature of 5 °C

What is a 'Temperature'? A kind of Measurement?

Yes, a Temperature is a Measurement with a unit of °C

OK, Temperature is added as attribute for this type of unit



Unit types may have properties

- › A property is a relation to another unit type or to a data type (e.g. Text, Date, Number, Measurement)
- › Relations to other unit types may be:
Is Packed In – Is Part Of – Is Carried With – Is Stored In –
Is Owned By – Is Located At – Is Made Of – etc.
- › Relations to data types may be Length, Colour, Temperature, Production Date, Product Code, Shipping Location, etc.
- › A unit type is defined by its set of properties



Definition of new unit types by constraining properties

Transport_
equipment



Container_
Transport_
equipement



40 ft_ Sea_
Container_
Transport_
equipement

Constraint:
Contains
Products and/or
transport units

Constraint:
Length=40 ft
according ISO90

- > A new unit type is defined by a set of constraints on the properties of an existing type
- > A further specialised type inherits the constraints of its "parent" and adds new constraints



Unit types have properties

› **Transport Equipment:**

- Has a relation to one or more other type of units
- Has a Length
- Has a Description Document

› **Container_ Transport Equipment:**

- Contains Products or Transport Units

› **40ft_ Sea_ Container_ Transport Equipment:**

- Length = 40 ft
- Description Document = ISO 90



Definition by constraints

- > Allows all systems to communicate
 - Legacy systems simply fill existing properties with the defined values
 - New systems define the new unit types as new concepts
- > Allows enhancement of the stored information on-the-fly
 - Handshake protocol works at run time and peer-to-peer
- > Avoids tedious and time consuming standardisation or negotiation of data elements



Model driven application development

- › Semantical handshaking enables **users** to incrementally enhance systems **on the fly**
- › 'Traditional' Model Driven Architectures automate the generation of systems by using advanced design tools
- › MDA saves programming effort, but not design effort
- › Open T&T implements user requirements at run time
- › Whenever new types of information are needed or are available, the user may define it. The system then propagates the new information throughout the network



The need for open T&T

- › The world economy is more dynamic than ever
- › A open sustainable economy needs an open tracking and tracing system; products need to be tracked and controlled from cradle to cradle
- › All businesses, big and small, will need to co-operate in order to manage product (and service) lifecycles
- › Open T&T with flexible semantics are the only solution

Open T&T will grow from a “nice to have” to a “must” for every business