

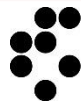


Calculation of results for Ra-226 in water by alpha spectrometry

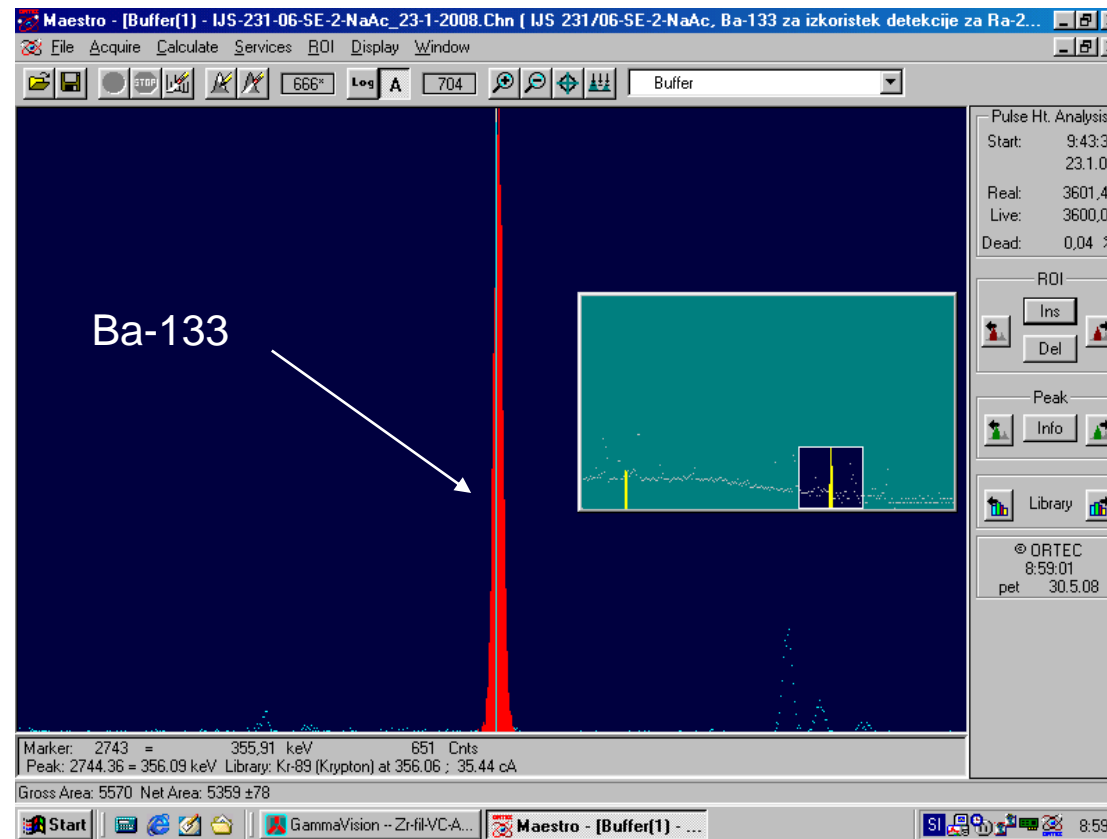
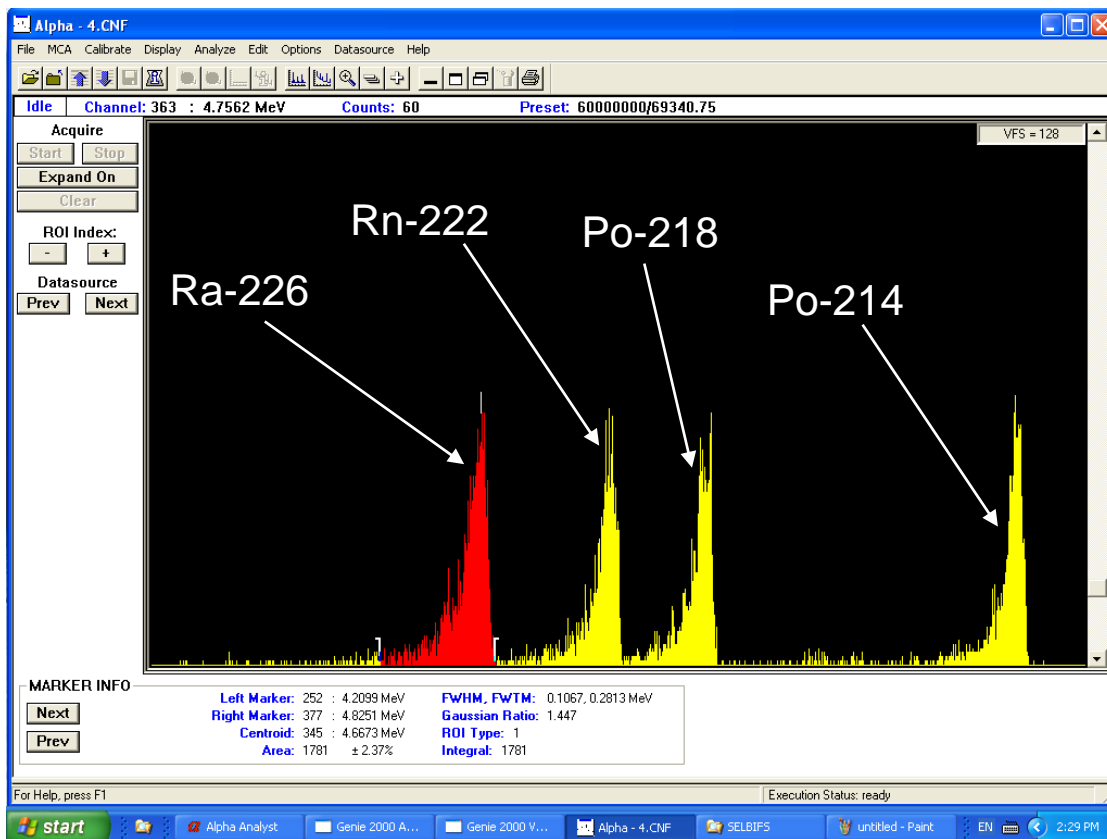
Marko Štrok
Jožef Stefan Institute



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under grant agreement No 754 972



Ra-226 alpha spectrum and Ba-133 gamma spectrum



Calculation of results

$$A_{\text{Ra-226}} = \frac{(R_{\text{Ra-226}} - R_{\text{b,U-226}})}{\eta_{\text{Ra-226}} \varepsilon_{\text{Ra-226}} V_s} \quad (1) \quad R_X = \frac{N_X}{t_m} \quad (2)$$

$$\eta_{\text{Ra-226}} = \frac{N_{\text{s,Ba-133}} - N_{\text{b,Ba-133}}}{N_{\text{st,Ba-133}} - N_{\text{b,Ba-133}}}, \quad A_{\text{st,Ba-133}} = A_{\text{s,Ba-133}} \text{ and } t_{\text{st}} = t_s \quad (3)$$

$A_{\text{Ra-226}}$ → activity concentration of Ra – 226 [Bq/L]

$R_{\text{Ra-226}}$ → Ra – 226 count rate [1/s]

$R_{\text{b,Ra-226}}$ → Ra – 226 background count rate [1/s]

$\eta_{\text{Ra-226}}$ → Ra – 226 chemical recovery

$\varepsilon_{\text{Ra-226}}$ → Ra – 226 detection efficiency

$R_{\text{b,U-232}}$ → U – 232 background count rate [1/s]

V_s → sample volume [L]

R_X → count rate of radionuclide X or background [1/s]

N_X → number of counts of radionuclide X or background

t_m → measurement time [s]

$N_{\text{s,Ba-133}}$ → number of Ba – 133 counts in sample

$N_{\text{b,Ba-133}}$ → number of background Ba – 133 counts

$N_{\text{st,Ba-133}}$ → number of Ba – 133 counts in standard

$A_{\text{st,Ba-133}}$ → activity of added Ba – 133 tracer in standard [Bq]

t_{st} → measurement time for standard [s]

$A_{\text{s,Ba-133}}$ → activity of added Ba – 133 tracer in sample [Bq]

t_s → measurement time for sample [s]

Calculation of measurement uncertainty

$$u_{c,Ra-226} = A_{Ra-226} \sqrt{\left(\frac{u_{R_{Ra-226}-R_{b,Ra-226}}}{R_{Ra-226} - R_{b,Ra-226}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{u_{\eta_{Ra-226}}}{\eta_{Ra-226}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{u_{\epsilon_{Ra-226}}}{\epsilon_{Ra-226}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{u_{V_s}}{V_s}\right)^2} \quad (4)$$

$$u_{R_{Ra-226}-R_{b,Ra-226}} = \sqrt{(u_{R_{Ra-226}})^2 + (u_{R_{b,Ra-226}})^2} \quad (5)$$

$$u_{R_x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_x}} \quad (6)$$

$$u_{\eta_{Ra-226}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{N_{s,Ba-133} + N_{b,Ba-133}}}{N_{s,Ba-133} - N_{b,Ba-133}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{N_{s,Ba-133} + N_{b,Ba-133}}}{N_{st,Ba-133} - N_{b,Ba-133}}\right)^2} \quad (7)$$

$u_{c,Ra-226}$ → combined standard uncertainty for U – 226[Bq/L]

u_x → standard uncertainty of X

Reporting of the results

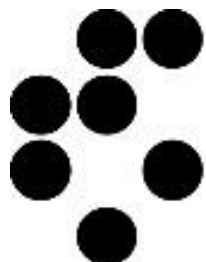
$$U_{\text{Ra-226}} = k u_{\text{c,Ra-226}} \quad (8)$$

$U_{\text{Ra-226}}$ → expanded uncertainty for Ra – 226 activity concentration [Bq/L]

k → coverage factor ($k = 2$ for 95% coverage)

$$A_{\text{Ra-226}} = A_{\text{Ra-226}} \pm U_{\text{Ra-226}}$$

meet cinch



Institut "Jožef Stefan", Ljubljana, Slovenija



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under grant agreement No 754 972

